THE TWO TEAMS ARRIVE IN TOWN AND THEIR ADHERENTS FILL THE STREETS-BETTING AND SKYLARKING ON THE EXCHANGES.

The football game of the year, as far as New-York City is concerned, will be played at Man-hattan Field to-day between the Yale and Princeton elevens. The orange and black of the Tigers and the all-blue of Yale fluttered in every direction yesterday. The college colors have been utilized in the formation of rosettes, buttons, flags, banners, and other conceivable device to catch the neral eye and make profit for the nimble fakir. Vhile Manhattan Field will seat in the neighbor-

hood of 15,000 people, more than double that number will be anxious to witness the battle of the young giants on the gridiron field. All the seats have been disposed of, as far as the committee of the those who secured tickets for the clubhouse are the following: Athletic Club is concerned, but those without tickets will in all probability be able to purchase desirable seats from speculators, at an exorbitant price, of course. Seats in the covered stands were quoted yesterday at \$10 each, and the speculators are likely to raise the price to \$15 to-day.

While the University Athletic Club has been careful to look out for college people, the general ful to look out for college people, the general public has for once been left out in the cold. The speculator is their only hope, unless they adopt a speculator is their only hope, unless they adopt a speculator.

ALL EAGERLY EXPECTANT time. Yale has won nine and Princeton five times the game of 1883 being a draw. The scores:

1880—Princeton, 10, Yane, 2, 1880—Yale, 32, Princeton, 0, 1891—Yale, 19; Princeton, 0, 1892—Yale, 12; Princeton, 0, Rules of scoring were changed in 1883, In the games played this year, Yale has done the better work. The champlons have scored 335 points to 6 for their opponents, while Princeton has made 272 points to 14 for her opponents. AT THE CLUBHOUSE.

Andrew Freedman has had charge of the clubhouse at Manhattan Field, and he has disposed of 175 tickets admitting to the clubhouse. tickets sold for \$10 each, and Mr. Freedman in return pays the University Athletic Club #1 for each ticket sold. The proceeds will go to the creditors of the defunct Manhattan Athletic Club. Among those who secured tickets for the clubhouse are the

MESSLER.

FOOTBALL ON 'CHANGE.

There were about ten football elevens in active

operation in the Stock Exchange for a few min-utes yesterday afternoon just about closing hours.

lier, the fining of about 100 members from \$1 to \$5.

lier, the fining of about 100 members from \$1 to \$5, and some bruises and rumpled attire, due to the great energy with which the games were played. Princeton and Vale feeling ran high, and it was determined to settle beforehand the merits of the two teams by regulation games on the floor. One of the most enthusiastic Yale men sent out and purchased a score of large-sized rubber balls. A few minutes before the closing hour of the Exchange the fun started, and inside of two seconds a riot began. Chairman Mitchell tried his best to secure order, and used his gavel industriously until a broker made a goal by sending a ball plump into the chairman's face. That ball was retirred from play, and the offending member will probably find himself fined to the amount of not less than \$10 when the list of delinquents is made up.

Another broker caught a ball fairly on the bound

STATE OF

STILLMAN. BUTTERWORTH.

and sent it into the chandelier, sending down a shower of broken glass. The chairman wished many times while the fun lasted that he was a

*

results were the smashing of one chande-

M'CREA.



ARMSTRONG, BEARD,

sensible plan C id refuse to be imposed upon. 'Deadhead Hill," the mammoth mound west of the grounds has been fenced in, and to this enclosure people will be admitted at 50 cents each. One, by going early and securing a "soft" rock, can, with the aid of a pair of field glasses, get a fairly good

TRAINS ON THE ELEVATED ROAD. Coionel Hain has promised to make every effort

to accommodate the crowds which will patronize the elevated roads, and the surplus cars and engines from the Second and Third ave. lines wil





GREENWAY.

be run on the Sixth ave. line between 1:30 and 5:30 p. m. The gates at Manhattan Field will be opened to those holding tickets at 11 o'clock this forenoon, and the game will be started promptly at 2 p. m. The University Athletic Club makes this announcement:

"All those who applied for \$2 tickets and were sent \$150 ones will have the 50 cents on each ticket returned to them within a few days after the game. There is no question as to the return of this money, as it will come out of the University Athletic Club's large bank account. Those to whom money is due, if it is not returned in ten days, will receive it on application to the club.

"Although the crowds will be enormous to-day there should be but little trouble if ticketholders read their tickets, each of which states at what gate the holder is to enter the grounds." ARRIVAL OF THE TEAMS.

Both teams arrived in the city last night. Captain Hinkey, his men and an army of substitutes and followers went to the Fifth Avenue Hotel. The trainer, Murphy, kept a watchful eye on his men, and saw that all were put to bed at an early hour. Most of the players are in excellent condi-

Exhibits the FINEST SELECTION in TOYS, DOLLS, CAMES,

MECHANICAL and MUSICAL PIECES.

THE IMMENSE DISPLAY HAS NO EQUAL. All are invited to make an EARLY INSPECTION

THANKS FOR THE ESCAPE OF EMPEROR WILLIAM AND CAPRIVI.

THE REICHSTAG REJOICES.

THE KAISER BELIEVES THE ATTEMPTS TO BE

THE WORK OF A MADMAN-DANGEROUS CHARACTER OF THE BOX SENT

Berlin, Nov. 29.-At the opening of the Reichstag this afternoon Herr Von Levetzow, the president, expressed the indignation felt by himself and all the members of the House, without regard to party feeling, at the dastardly attempts to assassinate the Emperor and Chancellor von Caprivi by means of infernal machines. He said he thanked God that neither the Emperor nor the Chancellor had been in jured. All the members except the Socialists rose from their seats and stood until he had finished.

Chancellor von Caprivi and Major Ebmeyer, his aid, were received by Emperor William a the New Palace, Potsdam, to-day. Major Ebmeyer told in detail all the facts he knew in regard to the infernal machine sent to the Chancellor. His story in all respects agreed with that told by the representative of the United Press on Monday. Major Ebmeyer received the package and started to open it. Noticing something which resembled powder dropping as he was removing the wrappings, he turned the parcel over to the police, who, after soaking it in water, made a cautious investigation, and discovered that it was an infernal machine.

The Emperor, after listening to the story, said that the whole thing was the work of a madman. He added that he in no way identified

discovered that it was an infernal machine.

The Emperor, after listening to the story, said that the whole thing was the work of a madman. He added that he in no way identified France with the attempted outrage, though the package was sent from Orleans.

Major Ebmeyer told the Emperor that his wife was present when he began to undo the package. The Kaiser congratulated him upon the escape of himself and his wife.

Even the Anarchists of Berlin have expressed their disapproval of the attempt on the Chanceilor's life. They held a meeting last night and declared that the Anarchists were in no way connected with the outrage. The Chancellor, it was emphatically said, had no enemies among the Anarchists.

Herr Foerster, the rifte-maker and explosive expert who was employed by the police to examine the box sent to the Chancellor, has materially changed his opinion as to the dangerous character of the machine. It was stated yesterday that Herr Foerster believed that the rubber bands which were so arranged as to force the hammer down upon the cap were not sufficiently strong to cause the cap to explode, even had the box been opened. He says to-day that a closer examination revealed the fact that the mechanism would have worked had the box been opened, and he adds that the cartridge in the box contained enough nitro-siyeerine to have killed whoever opened the box and to have greatly damaged the Chancellerie.

Paris, Nov. 29.—The German Embassy has not been instructed to communicate with the French Government concerning the packages and letters from Orleans. It is expected that these will be sent to the French police. The Rue Boutlong, Orleans, where the letters apparently were dated, does not exist, and nobody named Dechanteau can be found in the city. The persons who posted the revolutionary placards in Orleans are believed to have sent the infernal machines. The police think that these persons came from London, and merely passed through Orleans.

MORE THAN THIRTY PEOPLE KILLED. MCREA, MESSLER.

E. McCall and family, adward Munn, J. McN. Thompson, State Senator McClelland, James Dater, Michael S. Coleman, Frank McKee, Mr. Hutech and party, Mr. Baldwin and party, Willis Holly, James A. Morgan, Arthur White and party, H. C. Phillips and many others.

An attractive feature of the game will be the programme. It is one of the handsomest books of its kind ever published. The management decided to depart from the ordinary score-card and get up a souvenir which every spectator will keep as a memento of the match. It will also serve the purposes of a score-card. The book is made in the shape of a regulation football, and has leather covers, stitched with a thong in imitation of the football lacing.

In addition to the scoring pages there is a mass of interesting reading matter and statistics, including the intercollegiate rules, the colors and cries of all the colleges, complete football records and other football literature, also a wealth of illustrations.

MORE THAN THIRTY PEOPLE KILLED.

THE WRECKAGE TAKES FIRE.

Milan. Two trains, an express from Milan for Venice, and a freight train, laden with inflammable material, came into collision just outside Melzo. The wrockage was set on fire by the lights on the train, and a horrible scene followed. Several passengers were instantly killed, white others were pinioned by masses of wrockage. The flames spread rapidly and in a short time the heat was so names that no one could space of the late was so names and the heat was so names and the heat was so names and the heat spread rapidly and in a short time the heat was so names. France has sent was from Milan for London, Nov. 29.—It is understood that Mr. Seaton will receive from the executors of the excitation against them for his commission for securing the return of a check for the late Abington Bajed the sixthem for his commission for securing the return of a check for the late Abington Bajed the sixthem for his commission for securing the return of a check for the late Abington Bajed the strikes are sent westward. The strikers concede this, but the railroad officials say that no less than fifty cars bound east and west were taken out of the vasel head of the late Abington Bajed to him for getting the strikers concede this, but the railroad officials say that no less than fifty cars bound east and west were taken out of the vasel head of the late Abington Bajed to him for getting the strikes concede this, but the railroad officials say that no less than nifty cars bound east and west were taken out of the vasel head of the late Abington Bajed to him for getting the strikes concede this, but the railroad officials say that no less than fifty cars bound east and west were taken out of the vasel head of the late Abington Bajed to him for getting the sum of the collar than the collection of the collar than the collection of the collar than the head was considered.

were pinloned by masses of were all was so spread rapidly and in a short time the heat was so intense that no one could approach the burning cars. The cries of the dying and the wounded were heartrending, but it was impossible to assist them. Troops were dispatched from Milan to ald in the work of rescue.

It is expected that the deaths will exceed thirty. Most of the persons kfiled were emigrants on the way to a steamer which was to convey them across the ocean. It will be impossible to identify many of the dead, their bedies having been burned to a crisp. Half the train was burned, but the postal car was saved. Doctors went to the scene of the wreck from Milan and other places, and did much to alleviate the sufferings of the injured. As soon as possible all the injured were removed to the hospital at Milan. Today the bospital has been besieged by persons who had relatives or friends on the train, and who have not heard from them. It is thought that many of the injured will die

die.

Several members of the Chamber of Deputies were on the express train, and dispatches from them are arriving at the Chamber, reporting their safety and briefly describing the fearful scenes attending the disaster.

OUTEREAK OF CHOLERA AT TENERIFFE. SEVENTY-EIGHT CASES AND TWELVE DEATHS REPORTED IN ONE DAY.

Santa Cruz de Teneriffe, Nov. 29.—During the last twenty-four hours there were sixty new cases of cholera and ten deaths from the disease here. At Candelaria, a port on the east coast of Teneriffe, eighteen new cases and two deaths were reported during the same period.

ITALYS CABINET PARTIALLY FORMED. SIGNOR ZANARDELLI REPORTED TO HAVE

CHOSEN FIVE OF HIS COLLEAGUES. London, Nov. 29 .- A dispatch from Rome says that these Ministers are reported to have accepted portfohos under Zanardelli, who, besides the dership, expects to hold the Ministry of the In-

terior:

refor:
Treasury-SIDNEY SONNINO.
Foreign Affairs-GRUSEPFE SARACCO.
War-GENERAL PRIMERANO.
Finance-PIETRO VACCHELLA.
Agriculture-FRANCESCO COCCO-ORTU.
A dispatch to the United Press from Rome says

that the friends of Signor Giolitti, who resigned the Premiership last week, state that Signor Taniongo's nomination as Senator was decided upon by Signor Zanardeili, now President of the Chamber of Deputies, who has been summoned by King Humbert to form a Cabinet, and Signor Grimaldi, Minister of the Treasury, in Signor Giolitti's Cabinet. This decision was made, it is said, by Zanardeili and Grimaldi while they were dining at Taniongo's house. Newspapers supporting Giolitti publish letters from Zanardeili to Taniongo in which the former advises the latter to subsidize members of the press to support his candidacy. Signor Taniongo was Governor of the Banca Romana, and was arrested on the charge of complicity in the frauds. His trial before the Assize Court, however, resulted in his acquittal.

The publication of these letters has caused considerable comment. Other scandals are threatened, and every one in political life is anxious to learn who will be implicated. that the friends of Signor Giolitti, who resigned

SEPARATION OF PRINCE AND PRINCESS

COLONNA.

London, Nov. 23.—A dispatch from Paris to the United Press says that more than a year ago bitter quarrels occurred between Prince Colonna and his wife, the step-daughter of John W. Mackay, when the Prince, so his friends say, objected to what he termed his wife's over-fondness for society. Six or seven weeks ago the Princess left her husband and went to stay with her mother at the Hotel Brighton, Paris. Her departure left the Prince without funds, and he sold some of his horses and carriages. A weil-known American banker bought two of the horses. On November I the Prince sold all the furniture at his house. No. 45 Avenue du Bols de Boulogne, and transferred the lesse to Theodore Marburg, a rich American from Baltimore. When the sales were completed Prince Colonna went to the Hotel Cambbell, where he remained two days, and then left Paris for Naples. London, Nov. 29 .- A dispatch from Paris to the

ADMIRAL STANTON ON THE STEAMER SPREE.

London, Nov. 29.—Admiral Stanton, who was re-lieved of the command of the American South Atlantic squadron for saluting the insurgent Ad-miral Mello, arrived on the steamer Thames at

Southampton from Rio Janeiro on November 18 He left Southampton for New-York on the North German Lloyd steamer Spree, which sailed on No vember 22. ---

GREAT SUFFERING AT KUCHAN. SEVERE STORMS ADD TO THE MISERY OF THOSE

WHO ESCAPED THE EARTHQUAKES. London, Nov. 29.-Further advices regarding the awful disaster at Kuchan, the town in Northern Persia which was recently destroyed by an earth cks were felt from November 17 until November 24. On that date heavy rain and snow vember 24. On that date heavy rain and snow storms set in, and added to the misery of the survivors. Most of those who excaped when the town was destroyed on the night of November 17 fled for safety to the adjacent mountains, but after a time returned and encamped on the level ground near where the town had stood. Skin and other tents were set up, and in these the survivors are living. Everything they possessed was destroyed, and had it not been for those living in the valley near Kuchan many of them would have starved to death. The inhabitants of the towns and villages have supplied the survivors with provisions and have done all in their power to alleviate their sufferings.

ANARCHIST ACTIVITY IN FRANCE.

ARRESTS MADE AND EXPLOSIVES SEIZED IN MARSEILLES-WEVOLUTIONARY

PLACARDS IN PARIS. Patis, Nov. 29.-In searching the house of the modeller Charregon in Marseilles to-day the police This door opened into a tunnel extending sixty-five feet under the street. In the tending sixty-five feet under the street. In the tunnel bay a parcel containing safety fuses, tubes and several sorts of powder. The powders were submitted to an expert. Charregon, who has long been suspected of being an anarchist, was arrested. To the examining magistrate he said that the parcel had been committed to his care by the Anarchist Bossy and bis wife. Bossy and his wife were arrested within an hour. In their house the police found more tubes and fuses and chemical apparatus. Bossy's wife admitted that she gave the parcel to Charregon, because she feared the police would search her house. M. Gassend, the expert who examined the powders, said that they were highly dangerous. Several of them are such as are used in making dynamite.

Many revolutionary placards were posted in this elty early this morning by Anarchists.

GENERAL DE CAMPOS AT MELILLA. HE IS EXPECTED SOON TO ATTACK THE RIF FIANS WHO ARE PREPARING FOR A STOUT RESISTANCE.

Melilla, Nov. 29.-The Riffians are strengthening their positions, and are ready to make a stanch resistance when the Spanlards advance. The Spanish troops continue to arrive. Twenty-three generals are already here.
London, Nov. 20.—"The Times" correspondent in Madrid says that General de Campos has received Muley Arnaf at Meillia, and has rejected all his proposals for a truce and opening the market. General Campos is expected to advance upon the Rifflans soon.

HALNESS OF MRS. GLADSTONE.

London, Nov. 29.-Mrs. Gladstone, wife of the Prime Minister, is suffering from a severe attack of influenza. She has been confined to her bed for two days.

FRAGMENTS OF NEWS FROM EUROPE. London, Nov. 29.—Sir William Vernon Harcourt, Chancellor of the Exchequer, and his wife will dine with the Queen at Windsor Castle to-night, and will remain at the Castle until to-morrow.

Paris, Nov. 29.—The defeat of all the favorites at the Bois de Celombes horse races yesterday so disgusted those who had lost their money that they vented their spite upon the horses, jockeys and owners. The mare Nell Gwynn was hit in the eye with a stone, and badly injured. Her owner was severely handled. Before the mob could do further harm gendarmes dispersed it.

Vienna, Nov. 29.—Count Kalnoky, Imperial Prime Minister, who has been visiting in Italy, notably at Monza, where he saw King Humbert, returned to Vienna this morning.

London, Nov. 29.-A dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company from Paris says that the sit-nation in Madagascar is serious. France has sent an inspector to Tamataye to watch French inter-ests.

London, Nov. 29.—"The Liverpool Courier," which announced that Hugh McAimont was about to marry the Duchess of Mariborough, formerly Mrs. Hamersley, of New-York, has been requested by Mr. McAimont to deny the report, and will do so in its next issue. Mr. McAimont is the owner of Isinglass, winner of the Derby this year.

Vienna, Nov. 2.—The special commission ap-pointed in the Reicherath to consider the condition of affairs produced by the Czech excesses in Bo-hemia approved to-day, by a vote of 12 to 6, the state of petty siege in Prague.

London, Nov. 29.—The Berlin correspondent of the Central News says there are 19,599 cases of in-fluenza in Altona, 3,000 in Harburg, Hanover, and 6,000 in St. Paulli, a suburb of Hamburg. In all three places the epidemic is spreading.

Madrid, Nov. 23.—Investigation has shown that there are more than 8,000 Anarchists in Barcelona. Five hundred of them are regarded as desperate characters. The Alcalde of Barcelona is now here seeking the Government's consent to the formation of a Vigilance Committee of 1,000 members.

Berlin, Nov. 29.—The two French spies arrested on the English yacht Insect off Kiel have pe-titioned the Emperor to pardon them. He has re-fused, on the ground that it will be impossible to act until after they shall be sentenced.

ROUND ABOUT EUROPE.

Madeline Smith, the Horgia in the famous arsenic poisoning case at Edinburgh in 1857, has just died at Melbourne. Her trial excited great interest not at Melbourne. Her trial excited great interest not alone owing to her social position, but also to the purely circumstantial nature of the evidence, which was of such a character that while it was inadequate to legally convict her, it left no doubt as to her guilt, a sentiment to which the jury gave expression by that most unsatisfactory of all verdicts, "Not Proven."

Descended from Kings .- Among the postmen of the Austrian town of Lemberg is a certain Joseph Jagellon, who is a lineal descendant in the direct line of the Kings of the Jagellon Dynasty, who occupied the throne of Poland from the beginning of the fourteenth until the end of the sixteenth century. Joseph performs his humble duties in the most unobtrusive and self-satisfied manner, and recently received a silver medal from the Government as a reward for his long and meritorious service. It was this, indeed, that attracted attention to his royal ancestry. Jagellon, who is a lineal descendant in the direct

Naval Beer and Soldiers' Rum.-A considerable difference of opinion appears to exist between the naval and military authorities of Great Britain with naval and military autherities of Great Britain with regard to the relative merit of spirits and beer. The Admiralty has lately decreed that the daily issue of rum to seamen on board ships is injurious, and has substituted an allowance of beer in its stead, much to the disgust of the tars. The War Office, on the other hand, has seen fit to abandon its issue of beer to the troops in favor of rations of rum, and, thanks to this difference of opinion, the soldiers, when on board troop ships proceeding to India or other foreign stations, receive allow-ances not only of rum, but of beer as well.

Club Duez Paid by the State.-The English Treasury has been called to book in the House of Commons for authorizing the payment of the club submons for authorizing the payment of the club subscription of Sir Juland Danvers, an official of the
India Office, whose duties keep him most of his
time in the city where the club in question is
located. It has been explained, however, that the
subscription was authorized for the purpose of
providing Sir Juland with an office in the neighborhood of the Bank of England, in the manner least
expensive to the Government. This principle might
be extended, and possibly it might be more economical still to shut up the various Government offices
in the Old World and in the New, and to distribute
the officials among as many of the principal clubs
as would consent to receive the subscription of
their dues direct from the national treasury.

TO DRAFT A BLANKET BALLOT ACT.

Pursuant to the resolutions adopted by the con-Pursuant to the resolutions adopted by the conference of reform organizations held at the City Club on Wednesday, November 22, when the chairman was authorized to appoint a committee of five to draft a blanket bailot act embodying the essential principles of the Massachusetts system for presentation to the Legislature, the chairman, for presentation to the Legislature, the chairman, Charles Frederick Adams, representing the Reform Charles Frederick Adams, ww.York Citizens' Democracy; Mortimer C. Addoms, the Republican Club; Lewis L. Delafield, and the chairman, representing the City Club.

The committee will draft a bill based on the Massachusetts system and will lay it before the conference, which is to be called together to consider the draft before it is finally adopted.

THE WANING LEHIGH STRIKE WHY PEOPLE

CONFERENCES WITH STATE AREITRATORS.

PRESIDENT WILBUR'S ULTIMATUM-OFFICIALS SAY THAT SO FAR AS THE COMPANY IS CONCERNED THE STRIKE IS ENDED.

[ST TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.] Philadelphia, Nov. 29.-The Lehigh Valley officials in this city stated this afternoon that so far as the company is concerned the strike is virtually at an end. They said that the movement of traffic had almost returned to its normal condition, and the places of nearly all the strikers had been filled. Vice-President Hartshorne stated that the improvement in the situation had been so great that in all probability General Manager Voorhees would not deem it necessary to keep him informed by wire of the day's doings. Mr. Voorhees went to Bethlehem this

morning. An official said: "Mr. Voorhees's trip to Bethlehem to-day is probably the last he'll take. Henceforward he will be in Philadelphia. His future absence from Bethlehem means that things are running so smoothly that his direct supervision is no longer needed. Since the Swanwick-st. station has been closed many applicants for work have been besieging the offices in the Terminel Building, but they are not being hired, for the company has all the men it wants."

Mr. Voorhees, before his departure, said: "From my standpoint the strike is practically over. We have now nothing to do but to or-

ganize our forces." The Brotherhood leaders who are conduct-

ing the strike from this city emphatically stated that the strike was not off, and that the question of calling it off had not been considered. At midnight last night and again this morning the Brotherhood leaders had a conference with the committee of strikers who have been managing the strike at Wilkesbarre. Chairman Clark stated that the Wilkesbarre committee had visited here simply to discuss the situation. Mr. Clark said further: "I do not want it understood that we would not consider favorably any fair proposition that would be made by anybody in a position to make one The New-York and New-Jersey State Boards of Arbitration are in conference with Mr. Wilbur to-day. We have seen the members of the boards and have made our statements to them. presume they are going to get a similar state ment from the president of the company. If the boards should open up a solution of the difficulty that is fair to these men it will certainly be very carefully considered."

The members of the New-York and New-Jersey Boards of Arbitration held a conference with President Wilbur, First Vice-President Sayre and General Manager Voorhees, at the Lehigh Valley Railroad office in Bethlehem this afternoon. They arrived in this city shortly after 6 o'clock to-night and proceeded at once to the Bingham House, where they met the strike leaders. President Wilbur's ultimatum, which the arbitrators brought with them, was given to the representatives of the strikers for their consideration. It reads as follows: Mr. E. P. Wilbur states the position of the Le-

Mr. E. P. Wilbur states the position of the Lehigh Valley Railroad Company to be as follows:

The company agrees to take back as many of its old employes as it can find places for without any prejudice on account of the fact that they struck, or that they are connected with any labor organization; that when in the employ of the road committees from the various classes of employes will be received as stated in the bulletin of November 21, and their grievances considered and justly treated, and that in employing men in the future the company will give preference to former employes, when the strike is declared off.

The strike leaders and arbitrators were together until nearly 8 o'clock, and when they got through talking the latter left here for their homes. The arbitrators declined to give out any statement with regard to the probable outcome of their effort to mediate between the opposing sides, merely saying that their labors were at

sides, merely saying that their labors were at an end.

an end.

President Wilbur's ultimatum is simply a reliteration of the position he assumed shortly after the strike began.

The Grievance Committee scattered to-night. Grand Master Sargent of the firemen went to Buffalo; Secretary Arnold of the firemen went to Sayre via Jersey City; Assistant Chief Youngson of the engineers went to Perth Amboy, thence to Easton, and Grand Master Wilkinson of the trainmen went to Wilkesbarre. Chairman Clark, who is Grand Chief of the Order of Railway Conductors, will remain at the head-quarters here.

strikers concede this, but the railroad officials say that no less than fifty cars bound east and west were taken out of the yard here during the day. The following telegram from John H. Rice, chairman of the Grievance Committee, now in Philadelphia, where he went to attend a conference to-day, was received to-night: "Stand firm and united. Hold the fort. It is encouraging everywhere."

"Stand firm and united. Hold the fort. It is encouraging everywhere."

The Central Rallroad of New-Jersey spiked down their switches connecting with the Lehigh Valley tracks here to-day, and will not transfer any of the Valley freight until the strike is over. Pottsville, Nov. 29.—At the Delano head-quarters of the Lehigh coal region lines matters showed an improvement. More coal and freight was handled to-day than in any one day since the strike began, but the business moved is not yet more than a third of the regular normal amount. Several wrecks took place on the road late last night. Two occurred at White Haven, two near Pittston, one at South Wilkesbarre and two at Hazleton. No lives were lost, but the damage to the company's property will be heavy. There have been no sensations to report except the soaping of the tracks at Tamanend. This gives trains considerable trouble. The company is determined to break up this practice, and to-day there were more Coal and Iron Police along the road THE STERVEDS.

STONED BY FRIENDS OF THE STRIKERS. NPLEASANT EXPERIENCES OF EMPLOYES ON THE LEHIGH VALLEY TRAINS-A RUMOR ,

THAT THE MEN WILL RETURN TO WORK TO-DAY.

There was some violence yesterday in the neigh-borhood of the Lehigh yards in Jersey City. The acts of violence were not done by strikers, how-ever, but their friends, the employes of the Jersey

The squad of "Gregory" detectives and railroad men who brought a Lehigh freight train into Jersey City at 3:30 a. m. had an unpleasant experience. They were stoned at many places, and at the Cen They were stoned at many places, and at the Central bridge, over Newark Bay, at Avenue A, Bayonne, were stalled nearly four hours, and were pelted by the crews of every Central freight train which passed. The train left South Plainfield at 5:47, guarded by fifteen of "Gregory's" detectives, under "Captain" Wilson. The detectives say that they were staned by the crews of every Central they were stoned by the crews of every Central freight train which passed them, and by Central freight train which passed them, and by Central employes at every station. As the train approached the cast shore of Newark Bay a coupling-iron broke and the train parted. It was recoupled, but before it could get off the bridge two more couplings broke. Several Central freight trains passed meantime, and their crews stoned the Lehigh trainmen and guards. When the Lehigh train was recoupled for the third time the discovery was made that the locomotive's water-tank was entirely

made that the locomotive's water-tank was entirely

empty and the engine was useless. James Chester, the engineer, and his pilot started for the Central's telegraph office in Bay onne, near the bridge, to send for another engine

for the Central's telegraph office in Bayonne, near the bridge, to send for another engine, but the sight of the Central men about the station made them apprehensive and they returned to the engine. The conductor refused to go on. "Captain" Wilson, four detectives and the engineer and pilot went to the telegraph station. Wilson said the operator declared that he didn't care whether he sent the message or not. After a long delay he gave them a return message scrawled so that none of them could read it. The operator finally read the message as an inquiry about their engine. Wilson answered that their engine was "dead" and they must have another. Then they went back to their train.

An eastbound Central train and a Lehigh train were blocked on the bridge by the stalled train. They backed up and crossed on the other track. The westbound Central freight trains had six stops near the bridge, and their crews were supplied with stones. The Lehigh men noticed that as the Central freight trains statistical freight trains and the bridge lights were secreted. The Central men took advantage of their position and hit several of the non-union men. All the Lehigh men say that they were hit, but none of them were hurt seriously.

There were rumors at the Lehigh Valley yards that the strikers had given in and would return to work to-day. But no one could give any definite information. All that was known about it was that the story had come from Easton or Philadelphia. The strikers had given in and would return to work to-day. But no one could give any definite information. All that was known about it was that the story had come from Easton or Philadelphia. The strikers had given in and would return to work to-day. But no one could give any definite information. All that was known about it was that the story had come from Easton or Philadelphia. The strikers had given in and would return to work to-day. But no one could give any definite information. All that was known about it was that the story had come from Easton or Philadelp

WORRY

Its Cause Clearly Explained and the Best Way of Avolding It Revealed.

"The past summer and early fall have been periods of worry, of care and exhausted vitality caused by the strains inclient to business."

The speaker was a prominent mun. Continuing, he said: "This has naturally caused men to become run-down, nerveless and really unable to properly attend to business. But this is not all. Man's worries bec na'hy with everything that concerns her husband, her haustion, and it is not surprising that physicians report a state of weakness which has not been known before for

"It is true that our fluncial troubles are largely over, but the system needs building up to the condition and tone of six months are. It is evident that this can only be done by the careful and systematic use of some pure, health-impartice, life-giving stimulent, and this can be found only in that grand preparation which has stood the test of a score of years, Duffy's Pure Mait Whiskey." test of a score of years, Duffy's Pure Matt Whiskey. The above words are true, and they should be carefully considered by all. Nothing has ever equalled this pure medicinal whiskey for building up and restoring the health, wasted strength and vitality. Do not for a moment consider it like ordinary whiskies, and do not be deceived by any dealer who may till you so. It has no equal, and is worthy of the great popularity which it possesses.

on the road. The yardmaster, Lamb, expected to send out other trains in the night. There was no delay to passenger trains.

AN ANTI-SHEEHAN MACHINE,

THE CLEVELAND DEMOCRACY PERFECTING IN

ORGANIZATION IN WESTERN NEW-YORK. Buffalo, Nov. 29 (Special).-To-day's indications are that the Cleveland Democracy of this city is likely to meet with unexpected obstacles in carrying out its plan of relieving Lieutenant-Governor Sheehan and his followers of the control of the party organization here. Late last night the first step of the Cleveland men with this object in view was made public. It contemplates the broad-ening out of the present Cleveland Democracy of Buffalo and making it the central party organization for Western New-York. To bring this about it is proposed to consolidate the present Gleveland Democracy of Buffalo and the Eric County Home Rule Democracy into one general organization. It will be known as the Cleveland Democracy. There will be known as the Cleveland Democracy. There will be a General Committee composed of one member from every ward in Buffalo and from every town in Eric County. From this committee will be selected the General Executive Committee to take charge of all campaign work. Thus the followers of the Administration have planned a complete political machine of their own. Through it they hope to take from Lieutenant-Governor Sheehan his present domination of all local nominations and policies. Buffalo and making it the central party organization

present domination of all local nominations and policies.

The regular General Committee of the party for 1834 already is elected, and it is a Sheehan committee throughout. It will control all local nominations next year, so the Cleveland men cannot have any voice in selecting the candidate to succeed Mayor Bishop or for any of the important clyoffices to be filled next fall. This makes probable a repetition of this year's three-cornered light, in which the Republicans should elect the Mayor, Controller, Commissioner of Public Works, Treasurer and other important city offices, as well as a Republican to succeed Representative Daniel N. Lockwood in the XXXIId District.

DISCUSSING A REORGANIZATION PLAN.

The committee appointed to consider a new plan of organization for the Republican organization of been thought by them to be the most feasible—a modification of the Philadelphia Election District system. This plan has been discussed in The Tribune at length from time to time. No report has yet been given out, and none will be for some days.

TO CHOOSE O'NEILL'S SUCCESSOR.

Harrisburg, Penn., Nov. 23.—Governor Pattison has issued a writ for a special election to be held in the Hd Congress District on Tuesday, December 19, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Charles O'Neill.

HOW ALUMINUM IS OBTAINED. From The Spokane Review.

From The Spokane Review.

A specimen of peculiar clay found near Greenwood Cemetery was exhibited at Fassett's assay office yesterday, with the information that some had expressed the belief that it contained aluminum. "There is an erroneous idea with reference to aluminum," the professor said, "While it is true that alumina is present in all clay and nearly all our country rocks, there is no process known for extracting it from clay as a practical commercial proposition. The obstacle not yet overcome is the presence of slica, which is reduced as a metal with the aluminum, rendering it urittle and unfit for use.

"All the aluminum produced for commercial purposses is from cryolite and beauxite, the former coming from Greenland, and the latter from the Allegheny Mountains and other places. Cryolite is a mineral having the appearance of alum. Beauxite is a brown mineral resembling line sandstone."

THE WEATHER REPORT.

A COLD WAVE TRAVELLING EASTWARD. Washington, Nov. 29.-The depression which was entral over filinois this morning has moved rapidly northeastward and is now central north of Lake Ontario, attended by brisk and high winds in the Ontario, attended by brisk and high winds in the lower lake region. A second depression of moderate energy is central over Colorado and an areal of unusually high barometer covers the Northern Rocky Mountain districts. Light showers have occurred during the day in the Ohio Valley and the lake regions, and light shows are reported from the Dakotas. Minnesota and Montana. The weather continues fair on the Atlantic Coast and in the Southern States. It is warmer generally throughout the regions east of the Mississippi and in Central Rocky Mountain districts.

It is decidedly colder in the upper Mississippi and Missouri valleys and in the extreme Northwest. It is from 10 to 20 degrees below zero in Northern Montana.

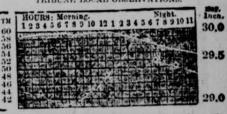
tana.

The moderate cold wave which is now over the central valleys will extend eastward over the Ohio Valley and the lower lake region and Middle Atlantic Coast, attended by clearing and freezing weather to-morrow night. The cold wave in Northern Montana will probably extend southward over the Middle Slope on Thursday.

PORECAST IN DETAIL FOR TO-DAY.

For New-England, light showers, followed by clearing and colder weather, probably clearing early in the day; winds shifting to west with increasing force. For Eastern New-York, Eastern Pennsylvania, New-For Eastern New-York, Eastern Pennsylvania, New-Jersey and Delaware, cloudy weather and probably light showers in the morning, followed by clearing and prob-ably fair weather in the afternoon; much coder north-west winds and a moderate cold wave. For the District of Columbia and Maryland, threaten-ing weather and possibly local showers in the early morn-ing, followed by fair and much colder weather and a moderate cold wave. The temperature will fail to about freezing Thursday night; northwest winds.

TRIBUNE LOCAL OBSERVATIONS.

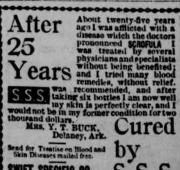


In this diagram a continuous white line show changes in pressure as indicated by The Tribune's recording burometer. The broken line represents the perature as observed at Perry's Pharmacy.

Tribune Office, Nov. 30, I. a. m.—The weather yesterday was mild as springtime. The temperature ranged between 40 and 60 degrees, the average (48%) being 16 degrees higher than on the corresponding day last year and 2% degrees lower than on Tuesday.

Rain followed by clearing weather and a cold wave may be expected in and near this city to-day.

CLOSING PRICES OF SAN FRANCISCO STOCKS. San Francisco, November 29, 1803. | San Francisco, November 29, 1803, | San Francisco, November 29, 1804, | San Francisco, November 29, 1803, | San Francisco, November 29, 1804, | San Francisco, November 29,



the odds varying from 2 to 1 to 4 to 1. The even money wager was that Princeton would not score. Even money was also wagered that Yale would not score over 15 points. The teams will line up as follows:

THE TWO ELEVENS. Speculation was lively around the uptown hotels last night, and little else than the football battle was talked about. Yale was always the favorite.

LEA, ALLEN, MORSE,

BALLIET.

tion, although Thorne is still lame. He hopes to be able to work out his trouble to-day. All the players are confident of winning, and the Yale coachers argue that they really can't see how the champions can lose.

The Princeton team substitutes, rubbers, coaches and their trainer, McMasters, went to the Murray Mill Market Mi The Princeton team substitutes, rubbers, coaches and their trainer, McMasters, went to the Murray And their trainer, McMasters, went to the Murray Hill Hotel, which was the Orange and Black head-quariers last night. The men took their last active practice on Tuesday, and every man of the team is in excellent condition. They say that they know Yale's tactics thoroughly, and think that they will win. They are certain that they will score, and they seem to think that if they score they will win. The last time Princeton scored against Yale was in 1889, when the Tigers won by 10 to 0. They have several pet schemes to block Butterworth's buil rushes. He seems to be the only man in Yale's cohorts that gives the Jerseymen much unessiness.

HOLLY.

chairman put a man down for a fine of st. and doubled this fine as often as the man could be caught.

The Cotton Exchange members did not have quite so much fun, but it cost them considerably less. There all the rules were suspended, and the brokers played football and worked off practical tokes on one another with impunity. At the Produce Exchange the fun waged fast and furious. The betting there was about 2½ to 1 on Yale, and \$100 to \$60 that Harvard would beat Pennsylvania at Cambridge.

There was much betting on the game at the Stock Exchange The odds varied from 2 to 3 to 1 on Yale, E. B. Talcott wagered \$250 and \$120 to 9 to 1 on Yale, and \$150 to 1 on

Lexington, Ky., Nov. 29 (Special).—Another large crowd attended the Tattersall's sale here to-day. The imported stock of Gamble Orr and Captain M. Bayley went low. Seventy-nine head were disposed of for \$29,595. The highest-priced animal sold was Etha, a chestnut mare, ten years old, by Eolus. She was bought by W. F. Presgrave, of Bryn Mawr, Penn., for \$1,500.